

# Homework No. 01 (Fall 2017)

## PHYS 440: Quantum Mechanics

Due date: 2017 Aug 31 (Thursday) 4.30pm

1. (40 points.) Consider the eigenvalue equation

$$\sigma_x |\sigma'_x\rangle = \sigma'_x |\sigma'_x\rangle, \quad (1)$$

where primes denote eigenvalues.

- (a) Find the eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors (up to a phase) of

$$\sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

For reference we shall call these eigenvectors  $|\sigma'_x = +\rangle$  and  $|\sigma'_x = -\rangle$ .

- (b) Now compute the new matrix

$$\bar{\sigma}_x = \begin{pmatrix} \langle \sigma'_x = + | \sigma_x | \sigma'_x = + \rangle & \langle \sigma'_x = + | \sigma_x | \sigma'_x = - \rangle \\ \langle \sigma'_x = - | \sigma_x | \sigma'_x = + \rangle & \langle \sigma'_x = - | \sigma_x | \sigma'_x = - \rangle \end{pmatrix}. \quad (3)$$

- (c) Similarly, compute the new matrices

$$\bar{\sigma}_y = \begin{pmatrix} \langle \sigma'_x = + | \sigma_y | \sigma'_x = + \rangle & \langle \sigma'_x = + | \sigma_y | \sigma'_x = - \rangle \\ \langle \sigma'_x = - | \sigma_y | \sigma'_x = + \rangle & \langle \sigma'_x = - | \sigma_y | \sigma'_x = - \rangle \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{where } \sigma_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (4)$$

and

$$\bar{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} \langle \sigma'_x = + | \sigma_z | \sigma'_x = + \rangle & \langle \sigma'_x = + | \sigma_z | \sigma'_x = - \rangle \\ \langle \sigma'_x = - | \sigma_z | \sigma'_x = + \rangle & \langle \sigma'_x = - | \sigma_z | \sigma'_x = - \rangle \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{where } \sigma_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (5)$$

- (d) Find the product of the last two matrices,  $\bar{\sigma}_y \bar{\sigma}_z$ , and express it in terms of  $\bar{\sigma}_x$ .

2. (20 points.) The Pauli matrix

$$\sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (6)$$

is written in the eigenbasis of  $\sigma_z$ . Write  $\sigma_x$  in the eigenbasis of  $\sigma_y$ .