## Midterm Exam No. 01 (Fall 2018)

## PHYS 320: Electricity and Magnetism I

Date: 2018 Sep 14

1. (20 points.) Using the property of Kronecker  $\delta$ -function and Levi-Civita symbol in three dimensions evaluate the following using index notation.

$$\delta_{ij}\delta_{ji} =$$
 (1a)

$$\delta_{ij}\varepsilon_{ijk} =$$
 (1b)

$$\varepsilon_{ijm}\delta_{mn}\varepsilon_{nij} =$$
(1c)

2. (20 points.) Using index notation and the properties of Kronecker  $\delta$ -function and Levi-Civita symbol in three dimensions expand the left hand side of the vector equation below to express it in the form on the right hand side,

$$(\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) \cdot (\mathbf{C} \times \mathbf{D}) = \alpha(\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{C})(\mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{D}) + \beta(\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{D})(\mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{C}). \tag{2}$$

In particular find the numbers  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .

3. (20 points.) Evaluate the left hand side of the equation

$$\nabla \frac{1}{r^3} = \alpha \,\hat{\mathbf{r}} \, r^n. \tag{3}$$

Thus find  $\alpha$  and n.

4. (20 points.) Evaluate the integral

$$\int_{-1}^{1} dx \, \delta(1 - 2x) \Big[ 8x^2 + 2x - 1 \Big]. \tag{4}$$

(Caution: Be careful to avoid a possible error in sign.)

- 5. (20 points.) A uniformly charged infinitely thin circular disc of radius R and total charge Q is placed on the x-y plane such that the normal vector is along the z axis and the center of the disc at the origin. Write down the charge density of the disc in terms of  $\delta$ -function(s) and Heaviside step function(s).
- 6. (20 points.) Evaluate the flux,

$$\int_{S} d\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{E},\tag{5}$$

of the uniform (homogeneous in space) field

$$\mathbf{E} = E\,\hat{\mathbf{z}}\tag{6}$$

through the surface of a circular disc of radius R placed on the x-y plane.