

Homework No. 07 (Fall 2018)

PHYS 520A: Electromagnetic Theory I

Due date: Monday, 2018 Nov 26, 4.00pm

1. (**50 points.**) Consider the differential equation

$$\left[-\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \varepsilon(z) \frac{\partial}{\partial z} + \varepsilon(z) k_{\perp}^2 \right] g_{\varepsilon}(z, z') = \delta(z - z'), \quad (1)$$

for the case

$$\varepsilon(z) = \begin{cases} \varepsilon_2, & z < 0, \\ \varepsilon_1, & 0 < z, \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

satisfying the boundary conditions

$$g_{\varepsilon}(-\infty, z') = 0, \quad (3a)$$

$$g_{\varepsilon}(+\infty, z') = 0. \quad (3b)$$

- (a) Verify, by integrating Eq. (1) around $z = z'$, that the Green function satisfies the continuity conditions

$$g_{\varepsilon}(z, z') \Big|_{z=z'-\delta}^{z=z'+\delta} = 0, \quad (4a)$$

$$\varepsilon(z) \frac{\partial}{\partial z} g_{\varepsilon}(z, z') \Big|_{z=z'-\delta}^{z=z'+\delta} = -1. \quad (4b)$$

- (b) Verify, by integrating Eq. (1) around $z = 0$, that the Green function satisfies the continuity conditions

$$g_{\varepsilon}(z, z') \Big|_{z=0-\delta}^{z=0+\delta} = 0, \quad (5a)$$

$$\varepsilon(z) \frac{\partial}{\partial z} g_{\varepsilon}(z, z') \Big|_{z=0-\delta}^{z=0+\delta} = 0. \quad (5b)$$

- (c) For $z' < 0$, construct the solution in the form

$$g_{\varepsilon}(z, z') = \begin{cases} A_1 e^{k_{\perp} z} + B_1 e^{-k_{\perp} z}, & z < z' < 0, \\ C_1 e^{k_{\perp} z} + D_1 e^{-k_{\perp} z}, & z' < z < 0, \\ E_1 e^{k_{\perp} z} + F_1 e^{-k_{\perp} z}, & z' < 0 < z. \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

Determine the constants using the boundary conditions and continuity conditions.

(d) For $0 < z'$, construct the solution in the form

$$g_\varepsilon(z, z') = \begin{cases} A_2 e^{k_\perp z} + B_2 e^{-k_\perp z}, & z < 0 < z', \\ C_2 e^{k_\perp z} + D_2 e^{-k_\perp z}, & 0 < z < z', \\ E_2 e^{k_\perp z} + F_2 e^{-k_\perp z}, & 0 < z' < z. \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

Determine the constants using the boundary conditions and continuity conditions.

(e) Thus, find the solution

$$g_\varepsilon(z, z') = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} \frac{1}{2k_\perp} e^{-k_\perp |z-z'|} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} \frac{1}{2k_\perp} \left(\frac{\varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_1}{\varepsilon_2 + \varepsilon_1} \right) e^{-k_\perp |z|} e^{-k_\perp |z'|}, & z' < 0, \\ \frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} \frac{1}{2k_\perp} e^{-k_\perp |z-z'|} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} \frac{1}{2k_\perp} \left(\frac{\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2} \right) e^{-k_\perp |z|} e^{-k_\perp |z'|}, & 0 < z'. \end{cases} \quad (8)$$