

Homework No. 07 (Fall 2019)

PHYS 500A: Mathematical Methods

Due date: Tuesday, 2019 Oct 15, 4.00pm

1. (20 points.) Show that

$$\oint_{c_1} dz \ln z = 2\pi i R, \quad (1a)$$

$$\oint_{c_2} dz \ln z = 0, \quad (1b)$$

where the contours c_1 and c_2 are shown in Figure 1, and R is the radius of the circle forming the contour. Is the function $\ln z$ analytic at $z = 0$? Is the function $\ln z$ analytic at $z \neq 0$? Show that if the contour c winds around the origin more than once the integral evaluates to

$$\oint_c dz \ln z = 2\pi i R n, \quad (2)$$

where n is the number of times the contour winds around the origin.

Hint: Show that

$$\oint_{c_1} dz \ln z = -R \int_0^{2\pi} \theta d\theta e^{i\theta}. \quad (3)$$

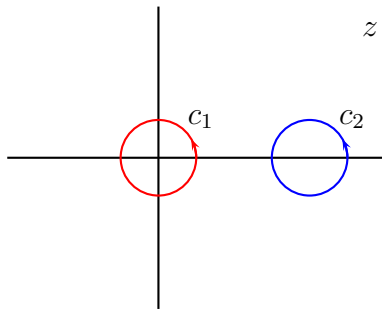


Figure 1: Contour c_1 encircles the origin while contour c_2 does not encircle the origin.

2. (20 points.) Evaluate the integral

$$I(\lambda) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}} dx}{1 + 2x \cos \lambda + x^2}. \quad (4)$$