

# Homework No. 02 (Fall 2019)

## PHYS 520A: Electromagnetic Theory I

Due date: Friday, 2019 Sep 6, 4.00pm

1. (20 points.) Show that

$$\nabla(\hat{\mathbf{r}} \cdot \mathbf{a}) = -\frac{1}{r} \hat{\mathbf{r}} \times (\hat{\mathbf{r}} \times \mathbf{a}) \quad (1)$$

for a uniform (homogeneous in space) vector  $\mathbf{a}$ .

2. (20 points.) Evaluate the number evaluated by the expression

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[ \hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right] \cdot (\rho \hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}}), \quad (2)$$

where  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$  and  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}$  are the unit vectors for cylindrical coordinates  $(\rho, \phi)$  given by

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}} = \cos \phi \hat{\mathbf{i}} + \sin \phi \hat{\mathbf{j}}, \quad (3)$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} = -\sin \phi \hat{\mathbf{i}} + \cos \phi \hat{\mathbf{j}}. \quad (4)$$

3. (10 points.) Show that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx f(x) \delta(x^2 - a^2) = \begin{cases} \frac{f(a)}{|a|}, & \text{if } f(a) \text{ is an even function,} \\ 0, & \text{if } f(a) \text{ is an odd function.} \end{cases} \quad (5)$$

4. (10 points.) An (idealized) infinitely long wire, (on the  $z$ -axis with infinitesimally small cross sectional area,) carrying a current  $I$  can be mathematically represented by the current density

$$\mathbf{J}(\mathbf{x}) = \hat{\mathbf{z}} I \delta(x) \delta(y). \quad (6)$$

A similar idealized wire forms a circular loop and is placed on the  $xy$ -plane with the center of the circular loop at the origin. Write down the current density of the circular loop carrying current  $I$ .