

## Homework No. 12 (2020 Spring)

### PHYS 420: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM II

*Department of Physics, Southern Illinois University–Carbondale*

Due date: Friday, 2020 May 1, 2:00 PM, in class

0. **(0 points.)** Keywords for finding resource materials: Rayleigh scattering.
1. **(20 points.)** The scattering boundary conditions imposes the far-field approximation  $r' \ll r$ , which amounts to the replacement

$$|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'| = \sqrt{r^2 + r'^2 - 2r r' \cos \theta} = r \left( 1 - \frac{\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{r}'}{r^2} \right) + \mathcal{O} \left( \frac{r'}{r} \right)^2. \quad (1)$$

Show that in the far-field asymptotic limit we can replace

$$\frac{e^{ik|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}'|}}{4\pi|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}'|} \rightarrow \frac{e^{ikr}}{4\pi r} e^{-i\mathbf{k}' \cdot \mathbf{r}'}, \quad (2)$$

where we introduced the notation

$$\mathbf{k}' = k \hat{\mathbf{r}} \quad (3)$$

with  $k = 2\pi/\lambda$  given in terms of wavelength  $\lambda$ . In this form we see the structure of the spherical outgoing wave  $e^{ikr}/r$ . Show that the far-field approximation allows the replacement

$$\nabla \frac{e^{ikr}}{r} \rightarrow i\mathbf{k}' \frac{e^{ikr}}{r}. \quad (4)$$

Show that these lead to the dyadic transcription

$$-(\nabla \nabla + \frac{\omega^2}{c^2} \mathbf{1}) \frac{e^{ikr}}{r} = (\mathbf{k}' \mathbf{k}' - \frac{\omega^2}{c^2} \mathbf{1}) \frac{e^{ikr}}{r} = \hat{\mathbf{r}} \times (\hat{\mathbf{r}} \times \mathbf{1}) k^2 \frac{e^{ikr}}{r}, \quad (5)$$

where  $\mathbf{1}$  is the unit dyadic.