Homework No. 04 (Fall 2023)

PHYS 500A: MATHEMATICAL METHODS

School of Physics and Applied Physics, Southern Illinois University–Carbondale Due date: Friday, 2023 Sep 22, 4.30pm

1. (20 points.) Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta\\ \sin\theta & -\cos\theta \end{pmatrix}.$$
 (1)

- (a) Find all the eigenvalues of the matrix A.
- (b) Find the normalized eigenvectors associated with all the eigenvalues of matrix A. (Simplification is achieved by writing the trignometric functions in terms of half angles. $1 \cos \theta = 2 \sin^2 \theta/2$, $1 + \cos \theta = 2 \cos^2 \theta/2$, $\sin \theta = 2 \sin \theta/2 \cos \theta/2$.)
- (c) Determine the matrix that diagonalizes the matrix A.
- 2. (20 points.) Construct the matrix

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}, \tag{2}$$

where

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = \sigma_x \hat{\mathbf{i}} + \sigma_y \hat{\mathbf{j}} + \sigma_z \hat{\mathbf{k}},\tag{3}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{r}} = \sin\theta\cos\phi\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \sin\theta\sin\phi\hat{\mathbf{j}} + \cos\theta\hat{\mathbf{k}}.$$
(4)

Use the following representation of Pauli matrices,

$$\sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \qquad \sigma_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \qquad \sigma_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$
(5)

Find the eigenvalues of the matrix $\boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}$.

3. (20 points.) The Pauli matrix

$$\sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1\\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

is written in the eigenbasis of

$$\sigma_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0\\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{7}$$

Write σ_x in the eigenbasis of

$$\sigma_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{8}$$

Note that this representation has the arbitraryness of the choice of phase in the eigenvectors.