

## Homework No. 09 (Spring 2026)

### PHYS 205A-001: UNIVERSITY PHYSICS

*School of Physics and Applied Physics, Southern Illinois University–Carbondale*

Due date: Monday, 2026 Mar 30, Noon, on D2L

### Instructions

- You are encouraged to use any of the resources to complete this homework. However, the extent to which you depend on resources while doing this homework is a measure of how much extra work you need to put in to master the associated concepts. Solutions should be the last resource.
- Links to solutions are provided.
- Practice problems are available at [Binapani Academy](#). It is a free service and requires a one-time registration. (Code: SIUC2025)
- Describe your thought process in detail and organize it clearly. Make sure your answer has units and right number of significant digits.
- After completion, scan the pages as a single PDF file, and submit the file on D2L (under Assessments → Assignments). You can replace your PDF file as many times as you like. Only the last file is graded. The deadline has an (undisclosed) buffer period, so do not hesitate to try submissions after the deadline.

### Problems

1. (10 points.) Consider the potential energy curve shown in Figure 1.
    - (a) What is the potential energy in Joules when the associated force is zero?
    - (b) Sketch the curve of force versus  $x$  from  $x = 0$  m to  $x = 4$  m.
- [Solution]
2. (10 points.) The potential energy of a particle moving along the  $x$  axis is given by

$$U(x) = ax^2 - bx^4, \quad a = -4.0 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{m}^2}, \quad b = -1.0 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{m}^4}. \quad (1)$$

Plot of  $U(x)$  with respect to  $x$  is shown in Figure 2.

- (a) Determine the points on the  $x$  axis where the potential energy is zero.

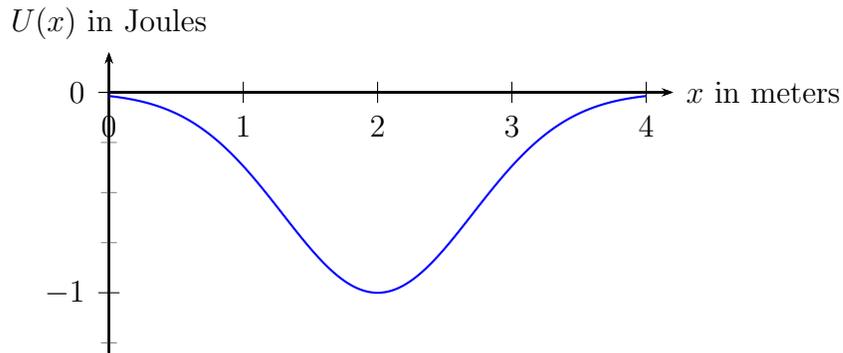


Figure 1: Problem 1.

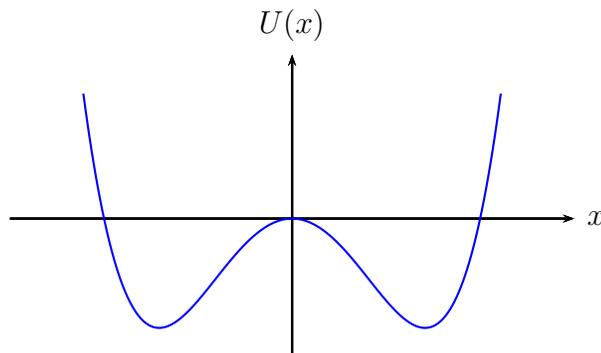


Figure 2: Problem 2.

(b) Determine the points on the  $x$  axis where the force on the particle is zero.

(c) Evaluate

$$\frac{d^2U}{dx^2} \quad (2)$$

at each of the points where the force is zero. What can you conclude about the stability of the particle at the points where the force is zero? That is, is it a stable point or an unstable point?

**[Solution]**

3. (10 points.) Consider the potential energy curve shown in Figure 3, which is given by the expression ( $r > 0$ )

$$U(r) = \frac{\beta}{2r^2} - \frac{\alpha}{r}, \quad \alpha = -1.0 \text{ Jm}, \quad \beta = -2.0 \text{ Jm}^2. \quad (3)$$

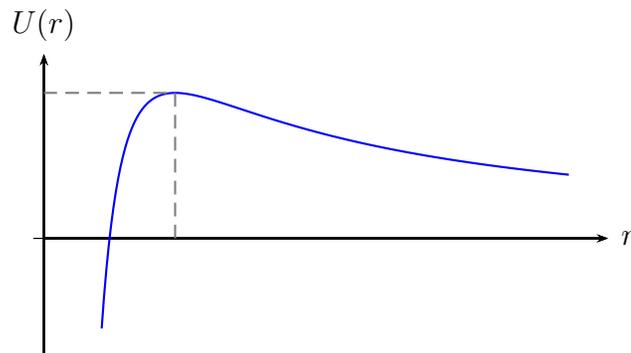


Figure 3: Problem 3.

- (a) Determine the points on the  $x$  axis where the potential energy is zero.
- (b) Determine the points on the  $x$  axis where the force on the particle is zero.
- (c) Evaluate

$$\frac{d^2U}{dx^2} \tag{4}$$

at each of the points where the force is zero. What can you conclude about the stability of the particle at the points where the force is zero? That is, is it a stable point or an unstable point?

[[Solution](#)]